

National curriculum- Reading		or of term	Class Novel
Reading - word reading- Pupils should be taught to: continue to apply phonic knowledge and skills as the route to decode words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent read accurately by blending the sounds in words that contain the graphemes taught so far, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain the same graphemes as above read words containing common suffixes read further common exception words, noting unusual correspondences between spelling and sound and where these occur in the word read most words quickly and accurately, without overt sounding and blending, when they have been frequently encountered read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue hesitation reread these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading	Autumn 1 Autumn 2 Spring 1	Julia Donaldson Books by and about Nelson Mandela. Brilliant Book Awards -	Resistant Text – The Gun Powder Plot by Gillian Clements Archaic Texts - The Night Before Christmas Brilliant Book Award
 Reading – comprehension- Pupils should be taught to: develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by: listening to, discussing and expressing views about a wide range of contemporary and classic poetry, stories and non-fiction at a level beyond that at which they can read independently discussing the sequence of events in books and how items of information are related 	Spring 2	Ian Whybrow – Harry and his Bucketful of Dinosaurs	Complexity of plot/symbol Dinosaurs and All That Rubbish by Michael Foreman



 becoming increasingly familiar with and retelling a wider range of stories, fairy stories and traditional 	Summer 1	Titanic themed	Complex of the narrator –
tales		fiction and non	Come Away from the Water
 being introduced to non-fiction books that are structured in different ways 		fiction	Shirley – John Burningham
 recognising simple recurring literary language in stories and poetry 			
 discussing and clarifying the meanings of words, linking new meanings to known vocabulary 			
 discussing their favourite words and phrases 			
 continuing to build up a repertoire of poems learnt by heart, appreciating these and reciting some, with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear 	Summer 2	Traditional tales with a	Non-Linear time Sequences - The Stinky Cheese – Jon
 understand both the books that they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by: 		twist.	Scieszka
 drawing on what they already know or on background information and vocabulary provided by the teacher 			
 checking that the text makes sense to them as they read, and correcting inaccurate reading 			
 making inferences on the basis of what is being said and done 			
 answering and asking questions 			
 predicting what might happen on the basis of what has been read so far 			
 participate in discussion about books, poems and other works that are read to them and those that 			
they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say			
 explain and discuss their understanding of books, poems and other material, both those that they 			
listen to and those that they read for themselves			
National curriculum- Writing	Writing Units		
Writing – transcription- Spelling - see English appendix 1	Autumn 1 –		
Pupils should be taught to:	The Gun	W	
spell by:			
 segmenting spoken words into phonemes and representing these by graphemes, spelling many 		Y2 Storie Same Autl	
correctly			
			ve poster/ Advert – Guy
		Fawkes.	



 learning new ways of spelling phonemes for which 1 or more spellings are already known, and learn some words with each spelling, including a few common homophones learning to spell common exception words learning to spell more words with contracted forms learning the possessive apostrophe (singular) [for example, the girl's book] distinguishing between homophones and near-homophones 		Stories by the same Author – Hans Christian Anderson
 add suffixes to spell longer words including –ment, –ness, –ful, –less, –ly apply spelling rules and guidance, as listed in English appendix 1 write from memory simple sentences dictated by the teacher that include words using the GPCs, common exception words and punctuation taught so far 	Autumn 2 – Celebrations and traditions	Y2 Instructions.docx • Letter – Invitation to Nativity.
Handwriting-		 Instructions – How to make a pivot
Pupils should be taught to:		slider
 form lower-case letters of the correct size relative to one another start using some of the diagonal and horizontal strokes needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined write capital letters and digits of the correct size, orientation and relationship to one another and to lower-case letters use spacing between words that reflects the size of the letters 		Y2 Non-chronological reports.docx • Non – Chronological report – Nelson Mandela
 Writing - composition Pupils should be taught to: develop positive attitudes towards and stamina for writing by: writing narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional) writing about real events writing poetry writing for different purposes 	Spring 1 – Lovely Lancaster	 Stories set with a familiar setting – Story set in Lancaster Y2 Stories with Familiar Settings.docx Poems with a structure – Acrostic poem about Lancaster

poem about Lancaster



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- planning or saying out loud what they are going to write about
- writing down ideas and/or key words, including new vocabulary
- encapsulating what they want to say, sentence by sentence

make simple additions, revisions and corrections to their own writing by:

- evaluating their writing with the teacher and other pupils
- rereading to check that their writing makes sense and that verbs to indicate time are used correctly and consistently, including verbs in the continuous form
- proofreading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation (for example, ends of sentences punctuated correctly)
- read aloud what they have written with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear

Writing - vocabulary, grammar and punctuation-

Pupils should be taught to:

develop their understanding of the concepts set out in English appendix 2 by:

• learning how to use both familiar and new punctuation correctly - see English appendix 2, including full stops, capital letters, exclamation marks, question marks, commas for lists and apostrophes for contracted forms and the possessive (singular)

learn how to use:

- sentences with different forms: statement, question, exclamation, command
- expanded noun phrases to describe and specify [for example, the blue butterfly]
- the present and past tenses correctly and consistently, including the progressive form
- subordination (using when, if, that, or because) and co-ordination (using or, and, or but)
- the grammar for year 2 in English appendix 2
- some features of written Standard English
- use and understand the grammatical terminology in English appendix 2 in discussing their writing

Spring 2 – Dinosaur Hunters	 Poems on a theme – Dinosaur shape poems Dinosaur Adventure Story
Summer 1 – Survival	Y2 Persuasion.docx
	Persuasive advert or poster - Titanic Y2 Non-chronological reports.docx
	 Non – chronological report – The Titanic
Summer 2 – Journeys	Y2 Traditional Tales with a Twist.docx
	 Traditional Tales with a Twist - write a new version of a fairy tale with a twist. Recounts – Recount of trip